

IDAHO WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT CLASSIFICATION WORKSHEET

OFFICE USE
ONLY
DO NOT WRITE
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System Class

			Notes.
Wastewater System No		-	
Name of System:			Approved by
System Address:			
City:	State:	Zip Code:	Date
Contact Person:		Title:	
Business Phone Number: ()		Email	

Instructions: Evaluate each item listed in the table below and place the specified point value next to each item selected. Add the total number of points selected to determine the class of the treatment system. Definitions describing all configurations, names, and/or reasons why rating points are or are not assigned to a particular item are provided for those items with a small D-number behind the item, i.e D-1. Check the definition if unsure whether a particular treatment plant process qualifies for the point value shown. Mail the completed, signed form to the Department of Environmental Quality 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, ID 83706 Attention Nancy Bowser. Keep a photocopy of the original form for your files.

		Your			
Item	Points	System			
System Size (2 to 20 points)	System Size (2 to 20 points)				
Maximum Population served, peak day	1 point/10,000				
(1 point minimum to 10 point maximum)	or part				
Design flow (average/day) or peak month's (average/day)	1 point/MGD				
Whichever is larger (1 point min to 10 point max)	or part				
Variation in Raw Waste (0 to 6 points) ¹					
Variations do not exceed those normally or typically expected	0 points				
Recurring deviations/excessive variations of 100% to 200% in strength/flow					
	2 points				
Recurring deviations/excessive variations of more than 200% in strength/flow					
	4 points				
Raw wastes subject to toxic waste discharges	6 points				
Impact of septage of truck-hauled waste (0 to 4 points)	0-4 points				
Preliminary Treatment Process					
Plant pumping of main flow	3 points				
Screening, comminution	3 points				
Grit Removal	3 points				
Equalization	1 point				
Primary Treatment Process					
Primary Clarifiers	5 points				
Imhoff Tanks or similar (combined sedimentation/digestion) ^{D-8}	5 points				
Secondary Treatment Process					
Fixed-film Reactor ^{D-7}	10 points				

		Your		
Item	Points	System		
Activated Sludge ^{D-1}	15 points			
Stabilization ponds without aeration	5 points			
Stabilization ponds with aeration	8 points			
Tertiary Treatment Process				
Polishing ponds for advanced waste treatment	2 points			
Chemical/physical advanced waste treatment w/o secondary D-5	15 points			
Chemical/physical advanced waste treatment following secondary ^{D-4}	10 points			
Biological or chemical/biological advanced waste treatment ^{D-2}	12 points			
Nitrification by designed extended aeration only	2 points			
Ion exchange for advanced waste treatment	10 points			
Reverse osmosis, electrodialysis and other membrane filtration techniques for	-			
advanced waste treatment	15 points			
Advanced waste treatment chemical recovery, carbon regeneration	4 points			
Media filtration (Removal of solids by sand or other media) D-13	5 points			
Additional Treatment Processes				
Chemical additions (2 points each for a max of 6 points) ^{D-3}	0-6 points			
Dissolved air floatation (for other than sludge thickening)	8 points			
Intermittent sand filter	2 points			
Recirculating intermittent sand filter	3 points			
Microscreens	5 points			
Generation of oxygen	5 points			
Solids Handling	F	<u> </u>		
Solids stabilization (Used to reduce pathogens, volatile organic chemicals &				
odors include lime or similar treatment and thermal conditioning) ^{D-15}				
	5 points			
Gravity thickening	2 points			
Mechanical dewatering of solids D-11	8 points			
Anaerobic digestion of solids	10 points			
Aerobic digestion of solids	6 points			
Evaporative sludge drying	2 points			
Solids reduction (including incineration, wet oxidation)	12 points			
On-site landfill for solids	2 points			
Solids composting ^{D-14}	10 points			
Land application of biosolids by contractor D-9	2 points			
Land application of biosolids by facility operator in responsible charge	10 points			
Disinfection (0 to 10 points maximum)	- F	1		
No disinfection	0 points			
Chlorination (including chlorine dioxide or chloramines) or ultraviolet irradiation	5 points			
Ozonation	10 points			
Effluent Discharge (0 to 10 points maximum)	r			
Discharge to Surface Water Receiving Stream ^{D-6}	0 points			
Mechanical post aeration D-12	2 points	1		
Land treatment with surface disposal or Land treatment with subsurface disposal	4 points	1		
D-10	- P			
Direct recycle and reuse	6 points	1		
Instrumentation (0 to 6 point maximum)	- F	1		
SCADA or similar instrumentation systems to provide data with no process				
operation	0 points			
1	- г	1		

			Your
	Item	Points	System
	milar instrumentation systems to provide data with limited process		
operation		2 points	
	milar instrumentation systems to provide data with moderate process		
operation		4 points	
	milar instrumentation systems to provide data with extensive or total		
process opera		6 points	
	Laboratory Control (0 to 15 point maximum) ²		
	Bacteriological/Biological Laboratory Control (0 to 5 point r		
	e outside the treatment plant	0 points	1
	ter procedures	3 points	
Use of fermer	ntation tubes or any dilution method; fecal coliform determination		
		5 points	
	Chemical/Physical Laboratory Control (0 to 10 point max		
	e outside the treatment plant	0 points	
Push-button of	r visual (colorimetric) methods for simple tests such as pH,		
settleable soli		3 points	
	ocedures such as DO, COD, BOD, gas analysis, titrations, solids,		
volatile conte		5 points	
More advance	ed determinations such as specific constituents; nutrients, total oils,		
phenols		7 points	1
Highly sophis	ticated instrumentation such as atomic absorption, gas		
chromatograp		10 points	1
	TOTAL POINTS FOR	YOUR SYSTEM	
	System Classification Key		
Class I	30 points or fewer Class III 56 to 75 points		
Class II	31 to 55 points Class IV 76 points or greate	er	
	YOUR SYSTEM CLASSIFICATION	I, II, III, IV	
		(Circle one)	
Footnote ¹	The key concept is frequency and/or intensity of deviation or excess	ive variation from n	ormal
	or typical fluctuations; such deviation can be in terms of strength, to	xicity, shock loads,	I/I,
	with points from 0-6.	•	
Footnote ²	The key concept is to credit laboratory analyses done on-site by plan	nt personnel under th	ne
	direction of the operator in direct responsible charge with points from		
		/	_
	Signature	Date	

Wastewater Treatment Definitions

- D-1. **Activated Sludge** Wastewater treatment by aeration of suspended organis ms followed by secondary clarification, including extended aeration, oxidation ditches, Intermittent Cycle Extended Aeration system (ICEAS), and other similar processes. A sequencing batch reactor with the purpose of providing this form of treatment would be rated under this category.
- D-2. **Biological or chemical/biological advanced waste treatment** The advanced treatment of wastewater for nutrient removal including nitrification, denitrification, or phosphorus removal utilizing biological or chemical

processes or a combination. If the facility is designed to nitrify based solely on detention time in an extended aeration system, only the points for nitrification by designed extended aeration should be given.

- D-3. **Chemical addition** The addition of a chemical to wastewater at an application point for the purposes of adjusting pH or alkalinity, improving solids removal, dechlorinating, removing odors, providing nutrients, or otherwise enhancing treatment, excluding chlorination for disinfection of effluent and the addition of enzymes or any process included in the Tertiary Chemical/Physical Processes. The capability to add a chemical at different application points for the same purpose should be rated as one application; the capability to add a chemical(s) to dual units should be rated as one application; and the capability to add a chemical at different application points for different purposes should be rated as separate applications.
- D-4. **Chemical/physical advanced treatment following secondary** The use of chemical or physical advanced treatment processes following (or in conjunction with) a secondary treatment process. This would include processes such as carbon adsorption, air stripping, chemical coagulation, and precipitation, etc.
- D-5. **Chemical/physical advanced treatment without secondary** The use of chemical or physical advanced treatment processes without the use of a secondary treatment process. This would include processes such as carbon adsorption, air stripping, chemical coagulation, precipitation, etc.
- D-6. **Discharge to Receiving Water** Treatment processes present at the facility are designed to achieve NPDES permit limitations that have already factored in the sensitivity of the receiving stream. Consequently, no additional points are as signed to rate the receiving stream separately from the facility treatment processes.
- D-7. **Fixed-film reactor** Biofiltration by trickling filters or rotating biological contactors followed by secondary clarification.
- D-8. **Imhoff tanks (or similar)** Imhoff tanks, septic tanks, spirogester, clarigester, or other single unit for combined sedimentation and digestion.
- D-9. **Land application of biosolids by contractor** The land application or beneficial reuse of biosolids by a contractor outside of the control of the operator in direct responsible charge of the wastewater treatment facility.
- D-10. **Land treatment and disposal (surface or subsurface)** The ultimate treatment and disposal of the effluent onto the surface of the ground by rapid infiltration or rotary distributor or by spray irrigation. Subsurface treatment and disposal would be accomplished by infiltration gallery, injection, or gravity or pressurized drain field
- D-11. **Mechanical dewatering** The removal of water from sludge by any of the following processes and including the addition of polymers in any of the following: vacuum filtration; frame, belt, or plate filter presses; centrifuge; or dissolved air floatation.
- D-12. **Mechanical post-aeration** The introduction of air into the effluent by mechanical means such as diffused or mechanical aeration. Cascade aeration would not be assigned points.
- D-13. **Media Filtration** The advanced treatment of wastewater for removal of solids by sand or other media or mixed media filtration.
- D-14. **Solids composting** The biological decomposition process producing carbon dioxide, water, and heat. Typical methods are windrow, forced air-static pile, and mechanical.
- D--15. **Solids stabilization** The processes to oxidize or reduce the organic matter in the sludge to a more stable form. These processes reduce pathogens or reduce the volatile organic chemicals and thereby reduce the potential for odor. These processes would include lime (or similar) treatment and thermal conditioning. Other stabilization processes such as aerobic or anaerobic digestion and composting are listed individually.